## Workbook exercises

## 1. Fill in the blanks with the correct form of the following words:

Capacity	revoke	binding	consideration	assian

- a. I decided not to sell my car and \_\_\_\_\_ the offer
- b. Our contract doesn't allow \_\_\_\_\_\_ and therefore you cannot avoid the performance of your obligations
- c. In \_\_\_\_\_\_ of the 3,000 euros transferred to your bank account you must now give me the keys to the car.
- d. Apparently he was under the influence of alcohol at the time of execution of the contract and now argues that he didn't have the \_\_\_\_\_\_ to sign and therefore that the contract cannot be \_\_\_\_\_\_.

## 2. Fill in the blanks with the correct preposition

- a. We have entered \_\_\_\_\_ an agreement
- b. They are both parties \_\_\_\_\_ this contract
- c. To say that we must comply \_\_\_\_ the terms of this contract means the same as to abide
  \_\_\_\_ the terms of the contract.
- d. This offer is no longer valid due to lapse \_\_\_\_\_ time
- e. \_\_\_\_\_ this contract there are no rights of assignment
- 3. Decide which verb collocates with which noun (in some cases, a verb can collocate with more than one noun and in other cases, it may not collocation with any):

A Perform	1 An Offer
B Terminate	2 A Contract or Agreement
C Construe	3 An Assignment
D Exchange	4 A Term or a Clause
E Revoke	5 Consideration

4. Decide whether each of these is True or False

- a. A void contract is enforceable in a Court of law T/F
- b. An Entire Agreement Clause does not allow parties to take into account pre-contractual agreements and customs. T/F
- c. Any type of a breach allows parties to terminate the contract T/F
- d. If one clause or term of a contract is declared null and void a contract may still survive  $$\mathsf{T/F}$$
- e. To terminate the contract means the same as to discharge a contract T/F